Editorial Highlights on Periodontics and Prosthodontics

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Editorial Highlights

Journal of Periodontics and Prosthodontics commemorates its decade long service to the scientific community by consistently publishing peer-reviewed articles and tracking the progress and significant advancements in the field of Prosthetic Dentistry and oral inflammation. Ever since its inception in the year 2015, in addition to regular issue releases on a quarterly basis, this transdisciplinary journal is also releasing special issues and conference proceedings from time to time, thus comprehensively covering a wide range of topics and emerging challenges in Medicine, physiology and pathology of the periodontium, tissue integration of dental implants, biology and the modulation of periodontal, alveolar bone healing and regeneration, diagnosis, epidemiology, prevention and therapy of periodontal disease and the clinical aspects of tooth replacement with dental implants, and Clinical Epidemiology, Oral Implantology. The journal focuses on application oriented research on Medicine, physiology and pathology of the periodontium, tissue integration of dental implants, biology and the modulation of periodontal, alveolar bone healing and regeneration, diagnosis, epidemiology, prevention and therapy of periodontal disease and the clinical aspects of tooth replacement with dental implants, and Clinical Epidemiology, Oral Implantology. In this issue some of the recent and impactful research articles that were published by the journal will be discussed.

Traditionally, conventional complete dentures have been used as a means of rehabilitation for patients with complete edentulism. They have been documented to be the most common form of prosthetic rehabilitation for complete edentulism [1] especially in less developed countries with limited financial resources. Several researches have shown an improvement in the oral health related quality of life of patients treated with complete denture. However, successful treatment with conventional complete dentures depends to a great extent on the patient’s ability to adapt to the new denture. Stated that patient’s adaptation to complete dentures is strongly related to the prosthetic condition, which combines denture quality, muscular control and residual ridge characteristics. Thus, the discrepancy between the dentist’s evaluation of denture quality and the patient’s subjective judgment may result from inappropriate assessment of the quality of the denture-bearing surfaces and patient’s neuromuscular coordination. Presently, there is paucity of literature on the effect of classes of complete edentulism and Oral health related quality of life. Aside this, there is the possibility that patient’s opinion and mental attitude towards treatment may influence the outcome of treatment irrespective of the ridge complexities and underline medical conditions. Furthermore, understanding the mental attitude of the patient may help the clinician to anticipate the patient’s likely response after treatment.

These research articles published by the journal have immense relevance and significance in development and optimization of cost-effective and affordable treatments; characterization of ridge complexities and underline medical conditions in pharmaceutical formulations and biological samples.

References

1 Julia EU, Omole OJ, Asizide SM, Ayodeji ET (2020) Impact of mental attitude and class of complete edentulism on oral health-related quality of life of patients treated with conventional complete dentures. Periodon Prosthodon Vol.6 No.2:2

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